The Pauline Episcles

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Incroduccion

St. Paul wrote 14 Epistles (14/27):

- → Romans
- → 1st and 2nd Corinthians
- \rightarrow Galatians
- \rightarrow Ephesians
- \rightarrow Philippians

- → Colossians
- \rightarrow 1st and 2nd Thessalonians
- \rightarrow 1st and 2nd Timothy
- → Titus
- \rightarrow Philemon
 - → Hebrews



Episcles

What is an epistle?

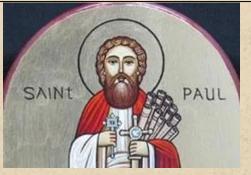
- Letters/messages being sent in a written or verbal format
- Why were epistles written?
 - Give precise explanation of ideas and teachings discussed
 - Way of conserving teachings and bringing the whole church together under the authority of the Holy Spirit
 - Due to the growth in faith, verbal teachings became more difficult, leading to a written form

Sc. Daul

- Born in 5 A.D. with the name of Saul
- Harshly persecuted Christians in
 Jerusalem & consented to the death of
 the first martyr: St. Stephen

On his way to persecute more Christians in Damascus, a light shone and he heard a voice saying, "Saul, Saul, why are you persecuting me?"

Got imprisoned 7 times but never gave up until he was martyred in Rome in 64/65 AD



Spent three years of seclusion in the desert praying and studying the Old Testament, wrote 14 epistles as he traveled since his conversion

Romaus

When:

- Around 57 A.D.

Why:

- Deal with the dispute between Jews & Proselytes (new converts)

- Emphasizes that God has no partiality (bias)
- Everyone is judged according to their faith and deeds
- Clarifies that there is death in sin and life through the Holy Spirit.
 [Romans: 7–8].

1SC & 2Nd Corinchians

When:

- Around 57 A.D.

Why:

- Teaches in Corinth, Greece for 18 months because the people were divided

- He encourages the Corinthians to unify as one body
- Christian person can live in true love in dark societies, Resurrection
- Many repented and Paul was happy so he sent them a letter
- Importance of living by the Spirit and not by the letter, blessing of giving the poor in Jerusalem.

Galaciaus

When:

- Around 57–58 A.D.

Why:

St. Paul visited Galatia in Asia Minor under the Roman Empire many times to explain the new life in Christ Jesus

- No longer need for Jewish traditions since the Cross and Christ's Salvation are everything for the salvation of the soul
- Also defended his apostleship.

Ephesiaus

When: - Early 62 A.D.

Why:

- In Ephesia for two years to expand his service and founded a church

- Church is the body of Christ, her members must be ready to fight the devil by putting on the whole armor of God
- Do not wrestle against flesh and blood, but against principalities, powers, the rulers of the darkness of this age, spiritual hosts of wickedness in the heavenly places. [Eph 6:11-12].

Phillipiaus

When: - Early 63 A.D.

Why:

- Founded church in Philippi, Macedonia in 52 A.D. Wrote Philippians before the end of his imprisonment

What:

- Focus: the life of joy and unity with all; men and women altogether

Colossiaus

When:

– Early 62 A.D.

Why:

- Written during St. Paul's first imprisonment in the city of Colosse, Rome

- Did not talk about the prison because he did not care about it
- Talked about heaven, Christ the Head of the Church, and the life giver
- Response to a new move to go back to Judaism and the works of Law saying that it obscures the eternal glory and dignity of Christ

isc & 2nd Thessalonians

When: - 52-53 A.D.

Why:

- Strengthen & encourage them to confront hardships and persecutions

- First of his writings in the New Testament, written in Corinth
- Talked about the joys of Heaven and the second coming of Jesus Christ
- Sent his disciple Timothy, talked to them about his fatherly love for them
- (2) Reform understanding of second coming, many stopped working, second coming after antichrist

ısc & 2ud Timochy

When: - 65 A. D.

Why:

- Servant's deeds inside and outside the Church

- Believed at the hands of Saint Paul during his first preaching journey, Timothy was full of love for the church
- St. Paul taught Timothy the ministry of the Bishops
- Encouraged the Church to tolerate suffering because it will fill the life of the believers with joy.

Ticus

When: - Early 67 A.D.

Why:

- Titus' belief/conversion from paganism, went to Jerusalem w/ St. Paul

- Talked to Titus about the church's work and that it is not necessary to return to Judaism
- Talked to him about baptism and the second birth as well as the importance of obedience in the Christian life

Philemou

When: - 63-64 A.D.

Why:

 Wrote this epistle to make clear that he was ready to pay the debts of Onesimus and send him to Philemon, reemphasize the importance of tolerance and acceptance.

- Philemon had a slave whose name was Onesimus.
- Stole money of his master and went to Rome where he met with St. Paul and converted to Christianity.

bebrews

When: - 62-64 A.D.

Why:

Wrote this epistle to the Christians of a Jewish origin who were expelled from the Jewish Synagogue, without writing his name

- Wanted to make clear to them the greatness of our Lord Jesus Christ.
- Some consider that the four Gospels talk about our Lord Jesus and His ministries on earth while the Epistle to the Hebrews talk about the act of Christ as a Heavenly Priest forever

Scau che GR code for che quiz: DASSWORÓ: 2023

